

# Format and Mode of Instruction

**MQI** Plus





## Format and Mode of Instruction

- This module describes codes related to two aspects of mathematics instruction:
  - Format of the Segment
    - Active Instruction
    - Small Group/Partner/Individual Work
  - Mode of Instruction
    - Direct Instruction
    - Whole-Class Discussion
    - Working on Applied Problems





## Format of the Segment

- Definition: This code records the format in which mathematics instruction takes place
- Active instruction
  - Teacher leads the whole class
  - Focus may be on teacher talking, demonstrating, questioning, etc.
  - Or teacher may be facilitating discussion among students
- Small Group/Partner/Individual Work
  - Students work individually or with each other; e.g., practicing a procedure, working on an extended problem solving activity
  - Teacher may circulate, checking work or helping individual students
  - Or teacher may not interact with students during this time (e.g., watching silently, grading papers)





## Format of the Segment

- Recording the format of the segment
  - Active Instruction
  - Small Group/Partner/Individual Work
  - Both
    - Record as both when each format occurs for at least 1 minute.
- If class splits into two or more groups, record all applicable formats.





## Format of the Segment

- Notes:
  - During Small Group/Partner/Individual Work time, if the teacher addresses the whole class:
    - Record only Small Group/Partner/Individual Work if teacher says a sentence or two without interrupting the flow of independent work
    - Record **Both** if the teacher calls for/gets everyone's attention (students stop working to listen) and then active instruction occurs for more than 1 minute
  - Active Instruction may include brief interludes in which students solve problems independently:
    - Record **Both** if there is at least one instance of independent work that lasts for 1 minute or longer
    - Record only Active Instruction if the interludes of independent work are each shorter than 1 minute (even if they might cumulatively add up to more than 1 minute)





- *Definition*: Used to indicate whether certain instructional methods are used in a segment. Three possible modes of instruction are considered:
  - Direct instruction
  - Whole-class discussion
  - Working on applied problems





### **Direct Instruction**

- Definition: Teacher leads the presentation of mathematical content
- Examples:
  - Teacher presenting new material
  - Going over homework or other problems, reviewing, launching a task
  - Inquiry-Response-Evaluation (IRE) type exchanges
  - During small group/individual work time: teacher remediating, re-teaching, or walking through problems with one or a few students





## Whole-Class Discussion

- Definition: Students comment on each other's contributions; student ideas drive the conversation
  - May be teacher-facilitated, e.g., "Johanna, what do you think of Denise's comment?"
  - Or student-student
- Distinguish from:
  - Inquiry-Response-Evaluation type exchanges
  - Students speaking at length (e.g. presenting a solution at the board), but only interacting with the teacher







#### Whole-Class Discussion







### Working on Applied Problems

- Definition: This code captures whether the teacher and/or students work on contextualized problems
- Examples:
  - Short word problems that take a moment to finish
  - Longer investigations that may take a class period
- Key feature: contextualized
- Non-Examples:
  - Mentioning a past contextualized problem but not working on it
  - Story problems used to illustrate a situation, but that are not actively worked on during the segment.





- Recording the mode of instruction:
  - Record separately whether <u>each</u> instructional mode occurs for
    - None of the segment
    - Some of the segment
    - Most/All of the segment
  - Judge based on the amount of time spent in that instructional mode, or if one format is the *key* feature of instruction in that segment.





- Notes:
  - The three modes are not mutually exclusive
  - A single lesson segment may contain multiple modes of instruction
    - E.g., a whole-class discussion of a real-world problem could conceivably be scored as:
      - Direct instruction: None
      - Whole-class discussion: Most/All
      - Applied problems: Most/All





- Notes:
  - These modes are not exhaustive: some lesson segments may receive a **none** for <u>each</u> instructional mode.
  - Examples:
    - Extended passing out of papers with no teacher mathematical talk and no student quiet work
    - PA announcements





## **General Notes**

- What's the difference between Active Instruction and Direct Instruction?
  - Active Instruction: Is the class working as one group, led/facilitated by the teacher?
    - As opposed to students working in small groups or alone, even if teacher is interacting with them.
  - Direct Instruction: Is the teacher doing the talking and controlling the direction of the conversation?
    - As opposed to students exchanging ideas and driving the content of the conversation, even if teacher is facilitating.





## **General Notes**

- Active Instruction and Direct Instruction can occur together or separately:
  - Teacher presents content at board, with little student input:
    - Active Instruction and Direct Instruction
  - A whole-class discussion facilitated by the teacher, in which students drive the content of the conversation:
    - Active Instruction but not Direct Instruction
  - Teacher working with a single student during seatwork time, walking through the steps of a procedure with little student input:
    - Direct Instruction, but not Active Instruction





### **General Notes**

- What if a student is presenting a solution at the board or explaining something at length to the class?
  - Format of the Segment:
    - Count as Active Instruction if the teacher is involved in any way
    - If the teacher is not participating or if a student is writing on the board while the rest of the students work independently, do not count as Active Instruction
  - Mode of Instruction:
    - If teacher is not doing much of the talking, it does not count as Direct Instruction
    - If only one student is talking, or other students make only brief/simple comments, it does not count as Whole-Class Discussion





# Examples

- Noel: Right Angles
- Wilma: Start of Class
- Karen: Tourist Problem B
- Mercedes: Integer Subtraction





## Noel: Right Angles

- Length of clip: 4:12
- 3<sup>rd</sup> grade

- In a previous lesson, the class discussed different cube attributes
- In this lesson, a student makes a conjecture: "a cube has 24 angles"





#### Noel: Right Angles: Video







### How would you score this clip for:

- Format of the Segment
- Mode of Instruction:

- Direct Instruction
- Whole-Class Discussion
- Working on Applied Problems





### Noel: Right Angles: Answers

- Format of the Segment: Active Instruction
  - The teacher is leading the whole class in this discussion; students never work independently.
- Direct Instruction: Some
  - She does some directing of the inquiry in the beginning and direct teaching at the end
- Whole-Class Discussion: Most/All
  - Student-student discussion occurs for majority of segment
- Working on Applied Problems: None





### Wilma: Start of Class

- Length of clip: 3:22
- 7<sup>th</sup> grade
- The clip begins at the start of class
- There are some warm-up problems posted on the board involving operations with decimals and unit rates





#### Wilma: Start of Class: Video







### How would you score this clip for:

- Format of the Segment
- Mode of Instruction:

- Direct Instruction
- Whole-Class Discussion
- Working on Applied Problems





### Wilma: Start of Class: Answers

- Format of the Segment: Small Group/Partner/Individual Work
  - Students are working on the warm-up problems at their desks
- Direct Instruction: None
  - The teacher is not leading the presentation of mathematical material
- Whole-Class Discussion: None
  - No student ideas are shared with the class
- Working on Applied Problems: Some
  - Two of the warm-up problems are unit rate problems





### Karen: Tourist Problem B

- Length of clip: 3:08
- 5<sup>th</sup> grade
- Students have worked on this problem for about 30 minutes at their desks: "There are 54 tourists in a group. There are twice as many women as men, and there are three times as many children as men. How many women, men, and children are there?"





#### Karen: Tourist Problem B: Video







### How would you score this clip for:

- Format of the Segment
- Mode of Instruction:

- Direct Instruction
- Whole-Class Discussion
- Working on Applied Problems





## Karen: Tourist Problem B: Answers

- Format of the Segment: Active Instruction
  - A student presentation to the class where the teacher is at least somewhat involved
- Direct Instruction: Some
  - Through directions to the student, the teacher is facilitating the presentation of mathematical content
- Whole-Class Discussion: None
  - The students are not commenting on or discussing each others' ideas
- Working on Applied Problems: Most/All
  - The problem that the student solves represents an applied problem





### **Mercedes: Integer Subtraction**

- Length of clip: 5:08
- 6<sup>th</sup> grade
- Connected Mathematics
- The class has been using colored cubes to perform integer operations
- At this point, students work on integer-operation tasks and the teacher circulates in the classrooms and provides support if needed





#### Mercedes: Integer Subtraction: Video







### How would you score this clip for:

- Format of the Segment
- Mode of Instruction:

- Direct Instruction
- Whole-Class Discussion
- Working on Applied Problems





### Mercedes: Integer Subtraction: Answers

- Format of the Segment: Small Group/Partner/Individual Work
- Direct Instruction: Some
  - Although it is small-group work time and students are participating in the conversation, teacher is driving the conversation and doing a lot of the talking
- Whole-Class Discussion: None
- Working on Applied Problems: None







# Format and Mode of Instruction



